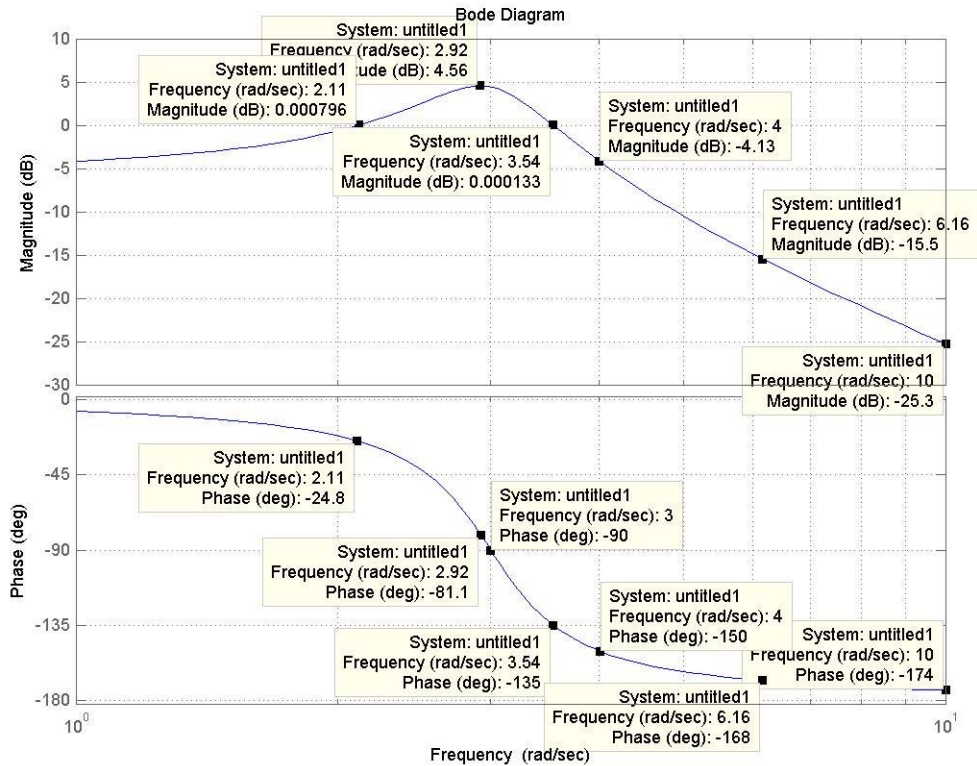


1.)



a.)

1. By checking the final slop (-40 db/dec), we know the difference of orders (Denominator – Numerator) is 2. Besides, no rising for phase plot but all the way through to -180° , therefore, we conclude “no zeros” and with damping ratio less than 0.707 (due to the peak on the magnitude plot).

2. The Transfer Function should have the form as:
$$\frac{K}{\omega_n^2 \left[\left(\frac{S^2}{\omega_n^2} \right) + \left(\frac{2\zeta S}{\omega_n} \right) + 1 \right]}$$

3. Substitute $S = i\omega$ into T.F., we have our F.R.F.

4. From 90° crossing, we know $\omega_n \cong 3$ (rad/sec).

5. For $\omega \ll \omega_n$, $20\log(FRF) \cong 20\log\left(\frac{K}{3^2}\right) \cong -4$ (db). $\Rightarrow K \cong 5.7$

6. For $\omega = \omega_n$, $20\log(FRF) \cong 20\log\left(\frac{K}{3^2}\right) - 20\log(2\xi) \cong -4 - 20\log(2\xi) \cong 4.5$ (db), $\Rightarrow \xi \cong 0.19$

7. Therefore, our T.F. is approximately: $\frac{5.7}{S^2 + 1.14S + 9}$

[Note: The Bode plot above is actually generated by $T.F. = \frac{5}{S^2 + S + 9}$]

b.) When $\omega = 4$, and from plot we know that $20\log\left(\frac{Output}{Input}\right) \cong -4.13 (db)$,

$$\left|\frac{Output}{Input}\right| = 10^{\frac{-4.13}{20}} \cong 0.6216; \text{ hence, } |Output| = 5 * 0.6216 \cong 3.1. \text{ From the phase}$$

plot, we know the $\phi \cong -150^\circ$. Therefore, $Output \cong 3.1 \sin(4t - 150^\circ)$.

[Note: the phase angle is in “rad” for “4t” part.]

c.) Output = Input \Rightarrow find 0 (db). From Magnitude plot, we have

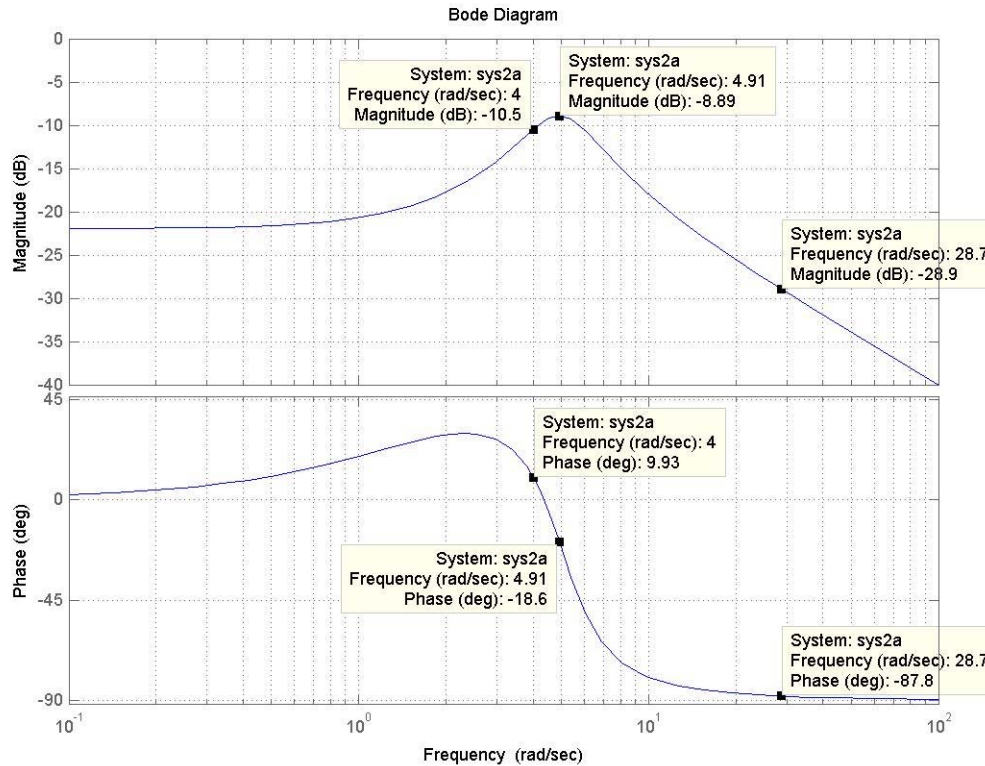
$$\omega \cong 2.1 \& 3.5 (rad / sec).$$

d.) From Magnitude plot, the “peak” happens at $\omega \cong 2.9 (rad / sec)$.

e.) One-tenth of the peak $\Rightarrow -20 (db)$ from the peak. From Magnitude plot, it happens at $\omega \cong 6.2 (rad / sec)$.

f.) Exactly out of phase \Rightarrow Phase angle has 180° difference. From Phase plot, it happens at $\omega \cong \geq 10 (rad / sec)$.

2a.)



a.) T.F. is given.

b.) When $\omega = 4$, and from plot we know that $20\log\left(\frac{Output}{Input}\right) \cong -10.5 (db)$,

$$\left|\frac{Output}{Input}\right| = 10^{-\frac{10.5}{20}} \cong 0.3; \text{ hence, } |Output| = 5 * 0.3 \cong 1.5. \text{ From the phase plot, we}$$

know the $\phi \cong 9.9^\circ$. Therefore, $Output \cong 1.5 \sin(4t + 9.9^\circ)$. [Note: the phase angle is in “rad” for “4t” part.]

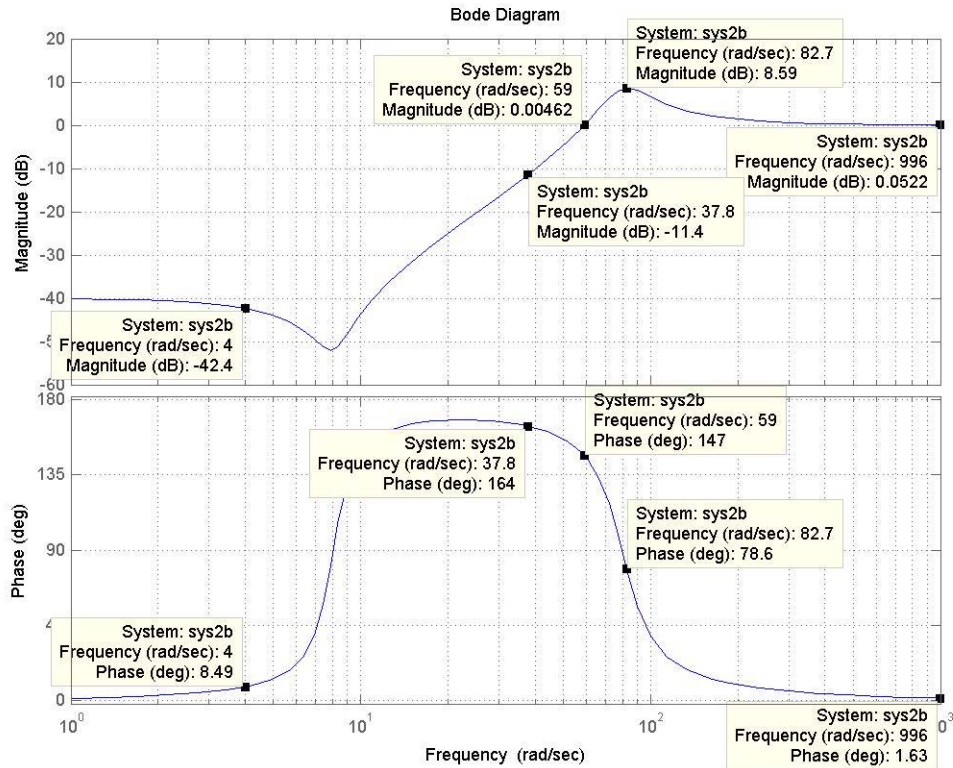
c.) Output = Input \Rightarrow find 0 (db). From Magnitude plot, we have NONE.

d.) From Magnitude plot, the “peak” happens at $\omega \cong 4.91(rad/sec)$.

e.) One-tenth of the peak $\Rightarrow -20(db)$ from the peak. From Magnitude plot, it happens at $\omega \cong 28.7(rad/sec)$.

f.) Exactly out of phase \Rightarrow Phase angle has 180° difference. From Phase plot, we have NONE.

2b.)



a.) T.F. is given.

b.) When $\omega = 4$, and from plot we know that $20 \log \left(\frac{\text{Output}}{\text{Input}} \right) \cong -42.4 \text{ (db)}$,

$$\left| \frac{\text{Output}}{\text{Input}} \right| = 10^{-\frac{42.4}{20}} \cong 0.0076; \text{ hence, } |\text{Output}| = 5 * 0.0076 \cong 0.038. \text{ From the phase}$$

plot, we know the $\phi \cong 8.5^\circ$. Therefore, $\text{Output} \cong 0.038 \sin(4t + 8.5^\circ)$. [Note: the phase angle is in “rad” for “4t” part.]

c.) Output = Input \Rightarrow find 0 (db). From Magnitude plot, we have

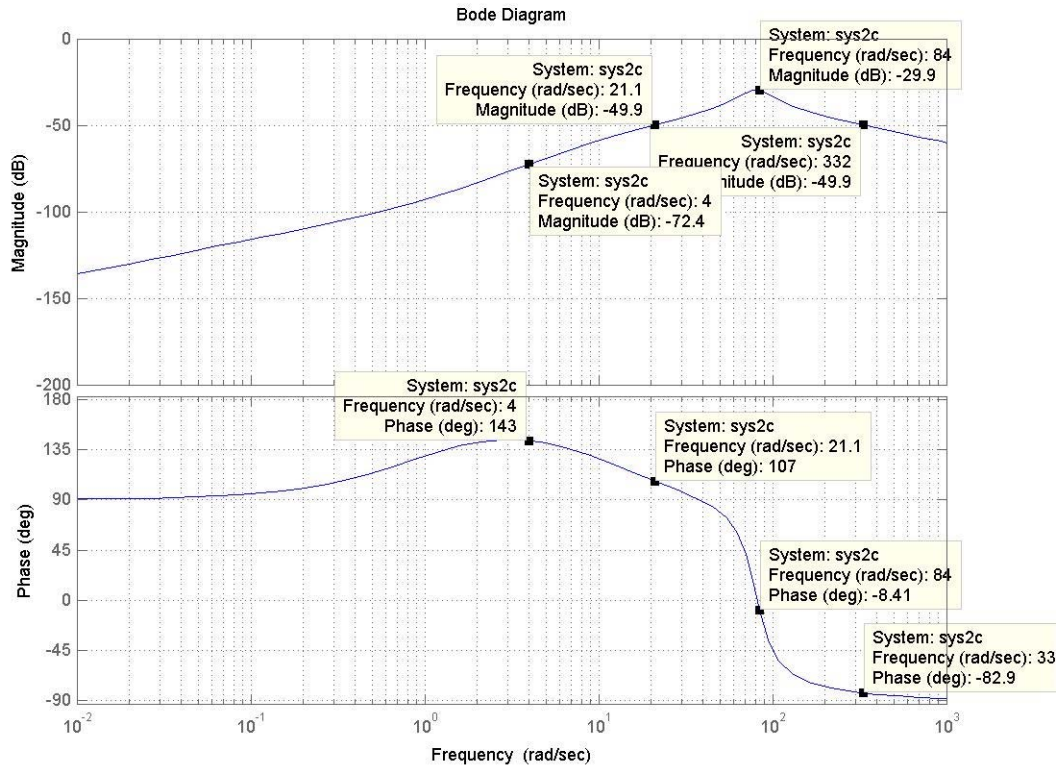
$$\omega \cong 59 \text{ \& } \omega \geq 1000 \text{ (rad / sec)}.$$

d.) From Magnitude plot, the “peak” happens at $\omega \cong 82.7 \text{ (rad / sec)}$.

e.) One-tenth of the peak $\Rightarrow -20 \text{ (db)}$ from the peak. From Magnitude plot, it happens at $\omega \cong 37.8 \text{ (rad / sec)}$.

f.) Exactly out of phase \Rightarrow Phase angle has 180° difference. From Phase plot, we have NONE.

2c.)



a.) T.F. is given.

b.) When $\omega = 4$, and from plot we know that $20\log\left(\frac{\text{Output}}{\text{Input}}\right) \cong -72.4 \text{ (db)}$,

$$\left|\frac{\text{Output}}{\text{Input}}\right| = 10^{\frac{-72.4}{20}} \cong 0.00024; \text{ hence, } |\text{Output}| = 5 * 0.00024 \cong 0.012. \text{ From the}$$

phase plot, we know the $\phi \cong 143^\circ$. Therefore, $\text{Output} \cong 0.012 \sin(4t + 143^\circ)$.

[Note: the phase angle is in “rad” for “4t” part.]

c.) Output = Input \Rightarrow find 0 (db). From Magnitude plot, we have NONE.

d.) From Magnitude plot, the “peak” happens at $\omega \cong 84 \text{ (rad / sec)}$.

e.) One-tenth of the peak $\Rightarrow -20 \text{ (db)}$ from the peak. From Magnitude plot, it happens at $\omega \cong 21.1$ & $\omega \cong 332 \text{ (rad / sec)}$.

f.) Exactly out of phase \Rightarrow Phase angle has 180° difference. From Phase plot, we have NONE.